- (f) Coupon standards. Any program for the exchange of coupons for chips, to-kens, and/or another coupon program shall be approved by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority prior to implementation. If approved, the gaming operation shall establish and comply with procedures that account for and control such programs.
- (g) Accounting/auditing standards. (1) The cage accountability shall be reconciled to the general ledger at least monthly.
- (2) A trial balance of gaming operation accounts receivable, including the name of the customer and current balance, shall be prepared at least monthly for active, inactive, settled or written-off accounts.
- (3) The trial balance of gaming operation accounts receivable shall be reconciled to the general ledger each month. The reconciliation and any follow-up performed shall be documented, maintained for inspection, and provided to the Tribal gaming regulatory authority upon request.
- (4) On a monthly basis an evaluation of the collection percentage of credit issued to identify unusual trends shall be performed.
- (5) All cage and credit accounting procedures and any follow-up performed shall be documented, maintained for inspection, and provided to the Tribal gaming regulatory authority upon request.
- (h) Extraneous items. The Tribal gaming regulatory authority, or the gaming operation as approved by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority, shall establish and the gaming operation shall comply with procedures to address the transporting of extraneous items, such as coats, purses, and/or boxes, into and out of the cage, coin room, count room, and/or vault.

[67 FR 43400, June 27, 2002, as amended at 70 FR 47107, Aug. 12, 2005]

§ 542.15 What are the minimum internal control standards for credit?

(a) Computer applications. For any computer applications utilized, alternate documentation and/or procedures that provide at least the level of control described by the standards in this section, as approved by the Tribal gam-

- ing regulatory authority, will be acceptable.
- (b) Credit standards. The following standards shall apply if the gaming operation authorizes and extends credit to customers:
- (1) At least the following information shall be recorded for customers that have credit limits or are issued credit (excluding personal checks, payroll checks, cashier's checks, and traveler's checks):
- (i) Customer's name, current address, and signature;
 - (ii) Identification verifications;
 - (iii) Authorized credit limit;
- (iv) Documentation of authorization by a person designated by management to approve credit limits; and
 - (v) Credit issuances and payments.
- (2) Prior to extending credit, the customer's gaming operation credit record and/or other documentation shall be examined to determine the following:
 - (i) Properly authorized credit limit;
- (ii) Whether remaining credit is sufficient to cover the credit issuance; and
- (iii) Identity of the customer (except for known customers).
- (3) Credit extensions over a specified dollar amount shall be approved by personnel designated by management.
- (4) Proper approval of credit extensions over ten percent (10%) of the previously established limit shall be documented.
- (5) The job functions of credit approval (i.e., establishing the customer's credit worthiness) and credit extension (i.e., advancing customer's credit) shall be segregated for credit extensions to a single customer of \$10,000 or more per day (applies whether the credit is extended in the pit or the cage).
- (6) If cage credit is extended to a single customer in an amount exceeding \$2,500, appropriate gaming personnel shall be notified on a timely basis of the customers playing on cage credit, the applicable amount of credit issued, and the available balance.
- (7) Cage marker forms shall be at least two parts (the original marker and a payment slip), prenumbered by the printer or concurrently numbered by the computerized system, and utilized in numerical sequence.

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- (8) The completed original cage marker shall contain at least the following information:
 - (i) Marker number;
 - (ii) Player's name and signature; and
- (iii) Amount of credit issued (both alpha and numeric).
- (9) The completed payment slip shall include the same marker number as the original, date and time of payment, amount of payment, nature of settlement (cash, chips, etc.), and signature of cashier receiving the payment.
- (c) Payment standards. (1) All payments received on outstanding credit instruments shall be recorded in ink or other permanent form of recordation in the gaming operation's records.
- (2) When partial payments are made on credit instruments, they shall be evidenced by a multi-part receipt (or another equivalent document) that contains:
- (i) The same preprinted number on all copies;
 - (ii) Customer's name;
 - (iii) Date of payment:
- (iv) Dollar amount of payment (or remaining balance if a new marker is issued), and nature of settlement (cash, chips, etc.);
- (v) Signature of employee receiving payment; and
- (vi) Number of credit instrument on which partial payment is being made.
- (3) Unless account balances are routinely confirmed on a random basis by the accounting or internal audit departments, or statements are mailed by a person independent of the credit transactions and collections thereon, and the department receiving payments cannot access cash, then the following standards shall apply:
- (i) The routing procedures for payments by mail require that they be received by a department independent of credit instrument custody and collection:
- (ii) Such receipts by mail shall be documented on a listing indicating the customer's name, amount of payment, nature of payment (if other than a check), and date payment received; and
- (iii) The total amount of the listing of mail receipts shall be reconciled with the total mail receipts recorded on the appropriate accountability form by the accounting department on a

- random basis (for at least three (3) days per month).
- (d) Access to credit documentation. (1) Access to credit documentation shall be restricted as follows:
- (i) The credit information shall be restricted to those positions that require access and are so authorized by management:
- (ii) Outstanding credit instruments shall be restricted to persons authorized by management; and
- (iii) Written-off credit instruments shall be further restricted to persons specified by management.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (e) Maintenance of credit documentation. (1) All extensions of cage credit, pit credit transferred to the cage, and subsequent payments shall be documented on a credit instrument control form.
- (2) Records of all correspondence, transfers to and from outside agencies, and other documents related to issued credit instruments shall be maintained
- (f) Write-off and settlement standards. (1) Written-off or settled credit instruments shall be authorized in writing.
- (2) Such authorizations shall be made by at least two management officials who are from departments independent of the credit transaction.
- (g) Collection agency standards. (1) If credit instruments are transferred to collection agencies or other collection representatives, a copy of the credit instrument and a receipt from the collection representative shall be obtained and maintained until the original credit instrument is returned or payment is received.
- (2) A person independent of credit transactions and collections shall periodically review the documents in paragraph (g)(1) of this section.
- (h) Accounting/auditing standards. (1) A person independent of the cage, credit, and collection functions shall perform all of the following at least three (3) times per year:
- (i) Ascertain compliance with credit limits and other established credit issuance procedures;

- (ii) Randomly reconcile outstanding balances of both active and inactive accounts on the accounts receivable listing to individual credit records and physical instruments:
- (iii) Examine credit records to determine that appropriate collection efforts are being made and payments are being properly recorded; and
- (iv) For a minimum of five (5) days per month, partial payment receipts shall be subsequently reconciled to the total payments recorded by the cage for the day and shall be numerically accounted for.
 - (2) [Reserved]

§542.16 [Reserved]

§ 542.17 What are the minimum internal control standards for complimentary services or items?

- (a) Each Tribal gaming regulatory authority or gaming operation shall establish and the gaming operation shall comply with procedures for the authorization, issuance, and tracking of complimentary services and items, including cash and non-cash gifts. Such procedures must be approved by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority and shall include, but shall not be limited to, the procedures by which the gaming operation delegates to its employees the authority to approve the issuance of complimentary services and items, and the procedures by which conditions or limits, if any, which may apply to such authority are established and modified (including limits based on relationships between the authorizer and recipient), and shall further include effective provisions for audit purposes.
- (b) At least monthly, accounting, information technology, or audit personnel that cannot grant or receive complimentary privileges shall prepare reports that include the following information for all complimentary items and services equal to or exceeding \$100 or an amount established by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority, which shall not be greater than \$100:
- (1) Name of customer who received the complimentary service or item;
- (2) Name(s) of authorized issuer of the complimentary service or item;
- (3) The actual cash value of the complimentary service or item;

- (4) The type of complimentary service or item (i.e., food, beverage, etc.); and
- (5) Date the complimentary service or item was issued.
- (c) The internal audit or accounting departments shall review the reports required in paragraph (b) of this section at least monthly. These reports shall be made available to the Tribe, Tribal gaming regulatory authority, audit committee, other entity designated by the Tribe, and the Commission upon request.

[67 FR 43400, June 27, 2002, as amended at 70 FR 47107, Aug. 12, 2005]

§ 542.18 How does a gaming operation apply for a variance from the standards of the part?

- (a) Tribal gaming regulatory authority approval. (1) A Tribal gaming regulatory authority may approve a variance for a gaming operation if it has determined that the variance will achieve a level of control sufficient to accomplish the purpose of the standard it is to replace.
- (2) For each enumerated standard for which the Tribal gaming regulatory authority approves a variance, it shall submit to the Chairman of the NIGC, within thirty (30) days, a detailed report, which shall include the following:
- (i) A detailed description of the variance:
- (ii) An explanation of how the variance achieves a level of control sufficient to accomplish the purpose of the standard it is to replace; and
- (iii) Evidence that the Tribal gaming regulatory authority has approved the variance.
- (3) In the event that the Tribal gaming regulatory authority or the Tribe chooses to submit a variance request directly to the Chairman, it may do so without the approval requirement set forth in paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section and such request shall be deemed as having been approved by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority.
- (b) Review by the Chairman. (1) Following receipt of the variance approval, the Chairman or his or her designee shall have sixty (60) days to concur with or object to the approval of the variance.